

ABSTRAK

ARI RESTU AJI. 152310008. “ Keputusan Petani Menjadi Penangkar Benih Padi Varietas Inpari 32 Di Kabupaten Purworejo”. Skripsi. Agribisnis. Fakultas Pertanian. Universitas Muhammadiyah Purworejo. 2019.

Tujuan penelitian : 1) untuk mengetahui karakteristik petani penangkar benih padi di Kabupaten Purworejo, 2) untuk mengetahui hubungan faktor internal dan eksternal dengan keputusan petani dalam melakukan usahatani penangkar benih padi, 3) untuk mengetahui faktor internal dan eksternal yang mempengaruhi keputusan petani dalam melakukan usahatani penangkar benih padi.

Pengambilan sampel daerah penelitian ditentukan berdasarkan *purposive sampling*. Lokasi yang dipilih yaitu Kabupaten Purworejo. Sampel yang diambil di desa Awu Awu sebanyak 13 orang, di desa Sukomanah sebanyak 10 orang, di desa Seborokrapyak sebanyak 6 orang, di desa Lugu sebanyak 3 orang, di desa Tunjungrejo sebanyak 6 orang. Penentuan jumlah sampel berdasarkan *skala likert*. Instrument yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini yaitu kuesioner.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa 1) pendidikan formal, ketersediaan sarana dan prasarana, dukungan kemitraan mempunyai hubungan kuat dengan keputusan petani, sementara kesesuaian dengan aspek lahan dan kemudahan untuk diusahakan mempunyai hubungan sangat kuat terhadap keputusan petani dalam melakukan usahatani penangkaran benih, 2) dukungan kemitraan mempunyai pengaruh signifikan terhadap keputusan petani.

Kata kunci : Keputusan, Penangkar, Usahatani, Benih, Padi.

ABSTRACT

ARI RESTU AJI. 152310008. "The Decision of Farmers to Become Seed Breeders of Inpari 32 Varieties in Purworejo Regency". Thesis. Agribusiness. Faculty of Agriculture. Muhammadiyah University Purworejo. 2019.

The research objectives are to: 1) determine the characteristics of rice seed breeder farmers in Purworejo Regency, 2) determine the relationship between internal and external factors with farmers' decisions in conducting rice seed breeder farming, 3) determine the internal and external factors that influence the decisions of farmers in conducting seed breeder farming rice.

Sampling of the study area was determined based on *purposive sampling*. The chosen location is Purworejo Regency. Samples taken in the village of Awu Awu were 13 people, in Sukomanah village were 10 people, in Seborokrapyak village were 6 people, in Lugu village were 3 people, in Tunjungrejo village were 6 people. Determination of the number of samples based on a *Likert scale*. The instrument used in this study was a questionnaire.

The results showed that 1) formal education, availability of facilities and infrastructure, partnership support had a strong relationship with farmers' decisions, while suitability with land aspects and ease of effort had a very strong relationship to farmers' decisions in breeding seed farming, 2) partnership support had significant influence on farmers' decisions.

Keywords: Decision, Breeder, Farming, Seed, Rice.